# A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information
Name of College or University Princeton University
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Princeton, NJ 08544
Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country
Main Phone Number 609-258-3000
WWW Home Page Address www.princeton.edu
Admissions Phone Number 609-258-3060
Admissions Toll-free Number
Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country P.O. Box 430, Princeton, NJ 08544
Admissions Fax Number 609-258-6743
Admissions E-mail Address http://www.princeton.edu/pr/admissions/u/index.shtml
Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify:
http://www.princeton.edu/pr/admissions/u/appl
A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)
Public
Private (nonprofit)
Proprietary
A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:
☐ Coeducational college
☐ Men's college
☐ Women's college
A4. Academic year calendar
Semester ☐ 4-1-4
Quarter Continuous
☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe):
Other (describe):
Uniter (describe):
A5. Degrees offered by your institution
Certificate Postbachelor's certificate
☐ Diploma ☐ Master's
Associate Post-master's certificate
Transfer Doctoral
Terminal First professional
Bachelor's First professional certificate

### **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	626	542	0	0
Other first-year, degree- seeking	8	1	0	0
All other degree-seeking	1795	1704	0	0
Total degree-seeking	2429	2247	0	0
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	91	70
Total undergraduates	2429	2247	91	70
First-professional				
First-time, first-professional students	0	0	0	0
All other first-professionals	0	0	0	0
Total first-professional	0	0	0	0
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	311	222	0	0
All other degree-seeking	916	532	0	0
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	16	15	0	0
Total graduate	1243	769	0	0

Total all undergraduates: _	4837		_	
Total all graduate and prof	essional stud	lents:	2012	
GRAND TOTAL ALL ST	IIDFNTS:	6849		

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	96	390	404
Black, non-Hispanic	97	382	387
American Indian or Alaskan Native	8	35	35
Asian or Pacific Islander	155	601	629
Hispanic	76	294	298
White, non-Hispanic	736	2974	3076
Race/ethnicity unknown	0	0	8
Total	1168	4676	4837

#### **Persistence**

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2002, to June 30, 2003.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	1108
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	435
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	260
First professional degrees	
First professional certificates	

### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2003 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1997 cohort if available. If fall 1997 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1996 cohort.

#### Fall 1996 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall **1996**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall **1996**.

<b>B4.</b>	Initial 1996 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's
(or e	quivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students;
total	all students:

### Fall 1997 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall **1997**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall **1997**.

B4.	Initial 1997 co	hort of first-time, full-time bachelor's
(or e	quivalent) deg	ee-seeking undergraduate students;
total	all students:	1130

<b>B5.</b> Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	<b>B5.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
<b>B6.</b> Final <b>1996</b> cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	<b>B6.</b> Final <b>1997</b> cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:1129(Subtract question B5 from question B4)
<b>B7.</b> Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2000):	<b>B7.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2001):
<b>B8</b> . Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001):	<b>B8</b> . Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):
<b>B9.</b> Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):	<b>B9.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003):
<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):1090
<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for <b>1996</b> cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): %	<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for <b>1997</b> cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): %
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2000 cohort if available. If 2000	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 1999 cohort.
<u>1999 Cohort</u>	<u>2000 Cohort</u>
<b>B12</b> . Initial <b>1999</b> cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	<b>B12</b> . Initial <b>2000</b> cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
<b>B13.</b> Of the initial <b>1999</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	<b>B13.</b> Of the initial <b>2000</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 1999 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
<b>B16.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	<b>B16.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:

<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:	<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:
<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:	<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:

### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

**B22.** For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2003? \_\_\_98\_\_ %

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications	
C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2003 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed a one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students.	. Include early decision, early action, and students include only those students who fulfilled the ctionable applications) and who have been notified of n waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	<u>8401</u> <u>7325</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	<u>843</u> <u>758</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	<u>628</u> <u>0</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission req contingent on space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?   Ye If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2003 admissions:	
Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted  27	
Admission Requirements  C3. High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion  High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  High school diploma or equivalent is not required	requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-p	reparatory program for degree-seeking students?
Require	
Recommend	
☐ Neither require nor recommend	

C5.	Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school
	course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals
	one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		
English		4
Mathematics		4
Science		3
Of these, units that must be lab		
Foreign language		4
Social studies		2
History		2
Academic electives		
Other (specify)		

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к	2010	tor		lection	
1,	anın	1171	170	ICCLIVII	

Dasi	s for Selection
$\epsilon$	Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: No
(	Open admission policy as described above for all students
(	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but selective admission for out-of-state students selective admission to some programs other (explain)

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Secondary school record Class rank Recommendation(s) Standardized test scores Essay				
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Minority status Volunteer work Work experience				

### **SAT and ACT Policies**

<b>C8</b>	. Entrance exams					
A.	Does your institution make use of		II, or ACT scor	es in admission de	cisions for first-ti	me, first-year, degree-
	seeking applicants? X Yes		1.1.	or	, 1: : 6	
	If yes, place check marks in the ap	propriate bo	oxes below to re	ADMISSION	n's policies for us	se in admission.
		Require	Recommend	Require for	Consider If	Not Used
		1		Some	Submitted	
	SAT I					
	ACT					
	SAT I or ACT (no preference)	$\bowtie$	님			닏
	SAT I or ACT SAT I preferred	H	H	H	님	H
	SAT I or ACTACT preferred SAT I and SAT II	H	님	片	님	片
	SAT I and SAT II or ACT	Ħ	H	H	H	Ħ
	SAT II	Ħ	Ī			
		_				
	In addition, does your institution	use applicar	nts' test scores fo	r placement or cour	nseling?	
	Placement Yes No					
	Counseling Yes No					
B.	Does your institution use the SAT	I or II or the	e ACT for <b>place</b>	ment only? If so, p	lease mark the ap	opropriate boxes
	below:	Tn	A CEMENT			
	R		PLACEMENT commend Re-	quire for		
	100	equire Re-		some		
	SAT I					
	SAT II			$\boxtimes$		
	ACT					
	SAT I or ACT					
C.	Latest date by which SAT I or AC	T scores mu	ist be received for	or fall-term admissi	on <u>3/1</u>	
	Latest date by which SAT II score	s must be re	eceived for fall-to	erm admission	3/1	
Ъ	If a constant and the constant along	C	1:-: ( :6		. 4 . 4	: C

D. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students): 3 SAT II subject exams required from all applicants

### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in fall 2003, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

<b>standardized (SAT/</b> A <b>(freshman) students</b> verbal for a category of	ACT) test scores. Inc who submitted test sof students) or combine scores. The 25th percent scored at or above AT scores 10	clude information for a scores. Do not include the other standardized centile is the score that e.  Number s	ALL enrolled, degree-s e partial test scores (e.g. test results (such as TOE	3 who submitted national eeking, first-time, first-year, mathematics scores but not EFL) in this item. SAT scores below; the 75th percentile score
	25th Percentile	75th Percentile		
SAT I Verbal	680	770		
CARTAL	500	<b>5</b> 00		

25th Fercentile	75th Fercentile
680	770
690	790
	680

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	71	73
600-699	25	25
500-599	4	2
400-499		
300-399		
200-299		
	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36			
24-29			
18-23			
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	<u>94</u>	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	<u>99</u>	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	<u>100</u>	
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class		
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	S	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students	who submitted high school class rank:	39

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, point averages within each of the following from whom you collected high school GPA.			
Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	100		
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seel	king, first-tim	ne, first-year	(freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	students who	submitted hi	igh school GPA: <u>100</u> %
<b>Admission Policies</b>			
C13. Application fee			
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$65		Yes	□No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial r	need?	Yes Yes	□ No
C14. Application closing date			
Does your institution have an application closing Application closing date (fall): <u>Early Decision</u> Priority date:		Yes Regular Dec	☐ No cision January 2
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted	for terms oth	ner than the	fall? ☐ Yes ⊠ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission deci	sion sent (fill	in one only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date):By (date): <u>Early Decision – mid December; I</u> Other:	 Regular Decisi	ion – early A	<u>April</u>
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in	ı one only)		
Must reply by (date):May 1 No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if Other:	notified there	after	
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution a  ☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes, maximum period of postponement:1		to postpone e	enrollment after admission?
<b>C19. Early admission of high school students:</b> Detime, first-year (freshman) students one year or	•		<u> </u>
C20. Common Application: Will you accept the C School Principals if submitted? If "yes," are supplemental forms required? Is your college a member of the Common Application.			buted by the National Association of Secondar  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No

### **Early Decision and Early Action Plans**

•	ly decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to applicants for fall enrollment?  \( \sum \text{Yes} \subseteq \text{No} \)
If "yes," please complete the following:	
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date	November 1 mid December
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date	
For the Fall 2003 entering class:	
Number of early decision applications received by Number of applicants admitted under early decision	•
Please provide significant details about your early other early decision or early action programs	decision plan: first choice, binding program; can not apply to any
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early act in advance of the regular notification date but do no	tion plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well of have to commit to attending your college?
☐ Yes	
If "yes," please complete the following:	
Early action closing date  Early action notification date	

# D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall	Applicants						
D1.	(If no, please If yes, may t	e skip to Section ransfer students	ransfer students?  E) earn advanced standin Yes No		ring credits earned f	rom course work c	completed at
D2.	Provide the 1 2003.	number of stude	nts who applied, were	admitted, and enro	lled as degree-seekin	g transfer students	in fall
		Applicants	Admitted Applicar	nts Enrolled Ap	pplicants		
	Men	TT			<u> </u>		
	Women						
	Total						
	olication for Indicate tern	ns for which tran	asfers may enroll:	_			
<b>D</b> .4	Fall	Winter		Summer			
	Yes If yes, what	No is the minimum	we a minimum number number of credits and fransfer students to a	the unit of measure	?	_	snman ?
			Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
	High school	ol transcript					
	College tra	nscript(s)					
	Feeay or ne	reanal statemen	t				
	Losay of po	ersonal statemen					
	Interview	ersonar statemen	·				
	Interview	ed test scores					
	Interview Standardize Statement	ed test scores of good standing					
	Interview Standardize Statement	ed test scores					
<b>D7</b> .	Interview Standardize Statement of from prior  If a minimum (on a 4.0 scal  If a minimum (on a 4.0 scal	ed test scores of good standing institution(s) high school gra e): college grade p	de point average is require	ed of transfer applic			

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					
Winter					
Spring					
Summer					

S GIIIIII GI	<u> </u>			
<b>D10.</b> Does an open adm	nission policy, if reported, apply to	o transfer students? X	es No	
	al requirements for transfer admis			
	icies			
Transier Credit I of	icies			
<b>D12.</b> Report the lowest	grade earned for any course that	may be transferred for cre	dit:	
	of credits or courses that may be Unit type	•	ear institution:	
<b>D14</b> . Maximum number Number	of credits or courses that may be Unit type	-	ear institution:	
D15. Minimum number	of credits that transfers must com	nplete at your institution to	o earn an associate degree	e:
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number	of credits that transfers must con	nplete at your institution to	o earn a bachelor's degre	e:
<b>D17.</b> Describe other trans	nsfer credit policies:			

# E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

<b>E1. Special study options:</b> Identify those programs ava	ailable at your institution	. Refer to the glossary fo	r definitions.
Accelerated program Cooperative (work-study) program Cross-registration Distance learning Double major Dual enrollment English as a Second Language (ESL) Exchange student program (domestic) External degree program Other (specify):	<ul> <li>☐ Honors program</li> <li>☐ Independent study</li> <li>☐ Internships</li> <li>☐ Liberal arts/career common study</li> <li>☐ Student-designed made study abroad</li> <li>☐ Teacher certification</li> <li>☐ Weekend college</li> </ul>	ajor	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.			
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required	to complete some cour	se work prior to gradu	ation:
☐ Computer literacy ☐ M ☐ English (including composition) ☐ F ☐ Foreign languages ☐ S	Humanities Mathematics Philosophy Sciences (biological or pl Social science	nysical)	
Library Collections			
Report the number of holdings at the end of the 2002-03 Libraries Survey, Section D "Library Collections," lines	•	_	er to the Academic
E4. Books, serial backfiles, and other paper materials (in E5. Current serial subscriptions [line 26]:35,502 E6. Microforms [line 24]:6,310,633 E7. Audiovisual materials [line 25]:85,215 E8. E-Books [line 23]:94,557	ncluding government do	cuments) [line 22]:	6,224,270
F. S	TUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) s 2002 who fit the following categories:	tudents and all degree-		
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international Percent of men who join fraternities Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -at Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	,	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	

**F2.** Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

	Choral groups	Marching band		
	Concert band	Music ensembles	Student newspaper	
	Nance	Musical theater	Student-run film society	
	Drama/theater	Opera	Symphony orchestra	
	😾 Jazz band	Pep band	Television station	
	Literary magazine	Radio station	Yearbook	
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	operation with Reserve O	fficers' Training Corps)	
	Army ROTC is offered:			
	On campus			
	At cooperating institu	tion (name):		
	Naval ROTC is offered:			
	On campus			
		tion (name):		
	Air Force ROTC is offered:			
	On campus			
	At cooperating institu	tion (name): Rutgers Un	versity	
F4.		llege-owned, -operated, o	or -affiliated housing available for undergrad	luates at your
	institution.			
	Coed dorms	⊠ Spec	ial housing for disabled students	
	Men's dorms	☐ Spec	ial housing for international students	
	Women's dorms	☐ Frate	rnity/sorority housing	
	Apartments for marrie	ed students	perative housing	
	☐ Apartments for single	students		
	Other housing options	s (specify):		

Provide 200 institution.	4-2005 academic year costs	of attendance for the following	categories that are applicable	e to your
	nate date (i.e., month/day) wh	2005 academic year costs of atten en your institution's final 2004-20		
List the academi cost by I usually 6 board is charges	typical tuition, required fees, ac year (30 semester hours or an umber of credits). A full acadequated to two semesters, two defined as double occupancy	quired fees, room and board and room and board for a full-tim 45 quarter hours for institutions the demic year refers to the period of trimesters, three quarters, or the and 19 meals per week or the mat pay that are <i>not</i> included in tuiting, laboratory use).	nat derive annual tuition by mult time generally extending from a period covered by a four-one-for eximum meal plan. <b>Required fe</b>	tiplying credit hour September to June; our plan. Room and es include only
		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
Tui PU	IVATE INSTITUTION tion: BLIC INSTITUTION tion: In-district:	29,910	29,910	
	In-state (out-of-district):			
	Out-of-state: NRESIDENT ALIEN: tion:			
RE	QUIRED FEES:			
(on	OM AND BOARD: -campus)	8,387	8,387	
(on	OM ONLY: -campus)	4,315	4,315	
	ARD ONLY: -campus meal plan)	4,072	4,072	
	orehensive tuition and room ar	nd board fee (if your college cann	ot provide separate tuition and	room and board
Other	:			
G2. Number	of credits per term a stude	nt can take for the stated full-ti	me tuitionminimur	mmaximum
G3. Do tuiti	on and fees vary by year of	study (e.g., sophomore, junior,	senior)?	⊠ No
G4. If tuitio	n and fees vary by undergra	nduate instructional program, d	lescribe briefly:	

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	940		
Room only:			
Board only:			
Transportation:	530		
Other expenses:	2015		

### **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

### H. FINANCIAL AID

### Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

### **Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates**

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2002-2003 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2002-2003 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for <b>items H1</b> , <b>H2</b> , <b>H2A</b> , and <b>H6</b> below:  ☐ 2003-2004 estimated or ☐ 2002-2003 final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
Federal methodology (FM)
Institutional methodology (IM)
X Both FM and IM

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	2,271,000	
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	503,00	
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	42,850,000	
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	2,628,000	
Total Scholarships/Grants	48,252,000	
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	0	
Federal Work-Study	1,072,000	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	899,000	
Total Self-Help	1,971,000	
Parent Loans		1,766,000
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
Athletic Awards		

**H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2003 cohort)	1166	4635	
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	649	2327	
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	584	2127	
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	584	2127	
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	584	2127	
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	584	2127	
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	0	0	
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> )	584	2127	
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100%	100%	
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any			
	resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized			
	loans, and private alternative loans)	\$22620	\$24078	
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$21900	\$22685	
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$1163	\$1450	
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$0	\$0	
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**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional—not external—non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were	0	0	
	awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and			
	grant aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>			
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-			
	based athletic scholarship or grant			
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line <b>p</b>			

H3: Incorporated into H1 above.
<b>H4.</b> Provide the percentage of the 2003 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003 and borrowed at any time through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution13%
<b>H5.</b> Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$\_\$11000
<b>Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens</b> (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:    Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available   Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available   Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available  If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 195  Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
\$ 31000  Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 6,045,000
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students
H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>□ FAFSA</li> <li>□ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>□ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>□ State aid form</li> <li>□ Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement</li> <li>□ Business/Farm Supplement</li> <li>□ Other:</li></ul>
H8. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>☐ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>☐ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>☐ Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application</li> <li>☐ Foreign Student's Certification of Finances</li> <li>☐ Other:</li></ul>
<b>H9.</b> Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:  Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):

H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):						
	) Students notified on or about (date): ) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no					
<b>H11.</b> In	ndicate reply dates:					
St	rudents must reply by (date): weeks of notification.					
Types o	of Aid Available					
Please o	check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:					
<b>H12.</b> L	oans					
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans					
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans					
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):					
H13. Scholarships and Grants						
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):					

# H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
		Academics			Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
		ROTC			

#### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

#### I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2003.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

*Part-time*: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

		Full-time**	Part-time	Total
a.)	Total number of instructional faculty	797	218	1015
b.)	Total number who are members of minority	130	32	162
	groups			
c.)	Total number who are women	201	91	292
d.)	Total number who are men	596	127	723
e.)	Total number who are nonresident aliens	84	37	121
	(international)			
f.)	Total number with doctorate, first	750	90	840
	professional, or other terminal degree			
g.)	Total number whose highest degree is a	35	96	131
	master's but not a terminal master's			
h.)	Total number whose highest degree is a	10	24	34
	bachelor's			
i.)	Total number whose highest degree is	2	8	10
	unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and			
	i must sum up to item a.)			

Data as of 10/1/03 \* Does not include visiting faculty \*\* Matches criteria of AAUP survey specs

### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2003 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2003 Student to Faculty ratio: <u>5</u> to 1.

#### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

2-9

10-19

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2003 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2003. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

30-39

50-99

100 +

Total

#### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

20-29

CLASS SECTIONS	240	386	84	42	24	59	32	867
_			1	1			1	,
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	483	589	78	16	4	5	2	1177

### J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003

Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Architecture			2.0	4
Area and ethnic studies			0.8	5
Biological/life sciences			7.7	26
Business/marketing				52
Communications/communication				9 and 10
technologies				
Computer and information				11
sciences				
Education				13
Engineering/engineering			16.0	14 and 15
technologies				
English			8.8	23
Foreign languages and literature			5.1	16
Health professions and related				51
sciences				
Home economics and vocational				19
home economics				
Interdisciplinary studies			0.2	30
Law/legal studies				22
Liberal arts/general studies				24
Library science				25
Mathematics			0.8	27
Military science and technologies				29
Natural resources/environmental				3
science				
Parks and recreation				31
Personal and miscellaneous				12
services				
Philosophy, religion, theology			3.2	38 and 39
Physical sciences			4.7	40 and 41
Protective services/public			6.6	43 and 44
administration				
Psychology			6.0	42
Social sciences and history			35.0	45 and 54
Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			3.1	50
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- \*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

**Associate degree:** An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

**English as a Second Language (ESL):** A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

**Other expenses (costs):** Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability** (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

#### **Financial Aid Definitions**

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

#### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.